

# 澳洲广播电台

## 旅游业英语

### Elementary English for Tourism and Hospitality 旅游业英语

#### LESSON 19 – At the festival

第十九课—在元宵节灯会上

#### STUDY NOTES

学习笔记

#### Characters

##### 课文人物

Leo:	Receptionist
利奥:	酒店接待员
Mona:	Guest
蒙纳:	酒店客人
Jack:	Guest
杰克:	酒店客人

#### The story

##### 课文场景

Leo takes Jack and Mona to participate in the Lantern Festival.

利奥带着杰克和蒙纳去了元宵节灯会的现场。

#### Grammar - Possessive pronouns

##### 语法—所有格代词

Below are some examples of possessive pronouns. They are used to show ownership. They do not have apostrophes. There are no possessive pronouns for 'its' or 'ones'.

下面是所有格代词的例句。所有格代词是表达对事务的拥有或所有，不加字撇。“its”或是“ones”是没有所有格代词的。

That hat is **mine**.

这顶帽子是我的。

Is this your drink? No, it's **yours**.

这是你的饮料吗？不是，这是你的饮料。

It's **his** lantern.

这是他的灯笼。

He didn't have a map, so she gave him **hers**.

他没有地图，因此她将她的地图给了他。

Are those their tickets? No, they're **ours**.

这是他们的票吗？不是，这是我们的票。

I gave them my phone number, and they gave me **theirs**.

我把我的电话号码给了他们，他们则将他们的电话号码给了我。

That bag is **yours**.

那是你的袋子。

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### Reading – An Australian legend

#### 阅读练习—澳大利亚的一个传说

In lesson 19, Leo tells Mona a traditional story or legend. Read the story below. Look up the meaning and pronunciation of any new words in your dictionary.

在第十九课里，利奥给蒙纳讲述了一个传说。下面也请您阅读一个澳大利亚的传说，请从字典里查找新的生词的意义和发音。

An Australian legend is that British police sent William Buckley to Australia as a convict in the early 1800s. He escaped and lived in the Australian bush with the Aboriginal people for 32 years. In 1835, he left the bush and told the police his story. After the Australian people heard it, they invented new words to include in their language. They believed it would be very difficult to survive in the Australian bush. 'Buckley's', 'Buckley's chance' and 'Buckley's and none', are examples of Australian slang that mean 'next to no chance'.

这个澳大利亚的传说是有关一八零零年代早期被流放到澳大利亚的一名英国罪犯威廉·巴克利的故事。巴克利当时被英国警方押解到澳大利亚后，他设法脱逃拘留并且在山林里和土著民生活了三十二年。巴克利最终于一八三五年离开山林回到了尘世，他把他的故事告诉了警方。巴克利的故事后来流传到了民间，成了一个经典传说。后人根据巴克利的传说创造了新的词汇，诸如'Buckley's', 'Buckley's chance' and 'Buckley's and none',由于一般人认为在澳大利亚山林生存非常艰难，因此在澳洲俚语里这些是微乎其微，几乎没有希望的代名词。

Retrieved from: <http://www.cultureandrecreation.gov.au/articles/folklore/>

### EXERCISES

#### 练习

#### 1. Key vocabulary

#### 1. 重要词汇

Look up the meaning and pronunciation of these words in your dictionary.

请从字典里查找下列生词的意思和发音。

brave	butterfly	crab	emperor
fun	gate	lantern	lobster
longevity	meet	nothing	pretty
represent	separated	symbol	village

#### 2. Grammar - Possessive pronouns

#### 2. 语法—所有格代词

Use the possessive pronouns in the box below to finish the sentences. The possessive adjectives (my, your, his, her, our and their) in the sentences will help you to choose the correct answer.

请使用下面生词表里的所有格代词来完成下列的句子。(my, your, his, her, our and

their)这些所有格形容词是形容事务谁属的词，在下列句子里能够提供正确的提示帮助您完成造句。

hers	his	mine
ours	theirs	yours

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1. These keys are \_\_\_\_\_. Please give them to her.  
1. 这是她的钥匙，请交给她。
2. I found this wallet on the table. Does it belong to you? Yes, it's \_\_\_\_\_.  
2. 我在桌上看到这个皮夹子，这是你的吗？是的，这是我的。
3. Do you know where our bus is? \_\_\_\_\_ is over there.  
3. 请问我们的巴士在哪里？巴士在那边。
4. She didn't have a coat, so he gave her \_\_\_\_\_.  
4. 她没有穿外套，于是他把自己的外套借给了她。
5. Are these \_\_\_\_\_? I found them outside your room.  
5. 这是你的吗？我在你房间外面找到的。
6. I gave them my brochure and they gave me \_\_\_\_\_.  
6. 我把我的小册子给了他们，他们给了我他们的小册子。

### 3. Reading – An Australian legend 3. 阅读练习—澳大利亚的一个传说

Choose a word from the box to complete the story below.  
请从下列生词表选择正确的生词填写在空格里以完成这个传说故事。

Aboriginal 土著民	Australia 澳大利亚	Bush 山林
Convict 囚犯	Escaped 逃跑	In 在.....里面
Legend 传说	People 人们	Police 警察

An Australian 1) \_\_\_\_\_ is that, British 2) \_\_\_\_\_ sent William Buckley to 3) \_\_\_\_\_ as a convict in the early 1800s. He 4) \_\_\_\_\_ and lived in the Australian 5) \_\_\_\_\_ with the 6) \_\_\_\_\_ 7) \_\_\_\_\_ for 32 years. 8) \_\_\_\_\_ 1835, he left the 9) \_\_\_\_\_ and told the 10) \_\_\_\_\_ his story.

### 4. The Chant 4. 短语练习

Practice saying this chant out loud.  
请朗读下列短语

If we get  
If we get  
If we get separated,  
如果我们大家走散的话，

We will meet  
We will meet  
We will meet at the gate.  
我们就在大门那里会合。

Suggested Answers: 2. 1) hers 2) mine 3) ours 4) his 5) yours 6) theirs 3. 1) legend 2) police 3) Australia 4) escaped 5) bush 6) Aboriginal 7) people 8) In 9) bush 10) police