

澳洲广播电台

旅游业英语

Elementary English for Tourism and Hospitality 旅游业英语

LESSON 4 – Checking In

第四课 – 入住酒店

STUDY NOTES

学习笔记

Characters

课文人物

Leo: Receptionist
利奥: 酒店接待员
Mona: Guest
蒙纳: 酒店客人
Jack: Guest
杰克: 酒店客人

The story

课文场景

Leo is booking Mona and Jack into the hotel. He changes their rooms and makes sure they have everything they need.

酒店接待员利奥正在为客人蒙纳与杰克办理入住的手续，他为客人调换房间并且确保满足了客人所有的要求。

Grammar – There is / There are

语法重点

As we learnt in lesson 4, **there is (there's)** is used with single items and uncountable nouns.

There are is used for plurals or countable nouns. **Some** is used when you are talking about uncountable nouns or an undefined quantity. Here are some examples to read with a friend.

我们在第四课里学习了there is (there's)的用法。当我们要表达一个物体或者是不可数的名词时要用 there is (there's)。当我们要表达复数的物体或者是可数的名词时要用there

are。此外，当我们要表达不可数名词或者是不明确数量的物体时要用some。下面列出一些例子，您可以和朋友一起练习。

There is (There's)	There are
a newspaper (single item) 一份报纸 (单数)	two cups (plural countable noun) 两个杯子 (复数可数名词)
an iron 一个熨斗	three guests 三位客人
a guest 一位客人	tea-making facilities 煮茶的设施
a phone 一部电话	brochures 小册子
some coffee (uncountable noun) 咖啡 (不可数名词)	umbrellas 雨伞
some tea 茶	some towels (undefined quantity) 几条毛巾 (不明确数量)
some milk 牛奶	some tissues 几张手巾纸
	some magazines

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some cutlery
餐具

几份杂志

Language Practice – Both and just

课文练习 – Both 和just

There are a number of structures you can use for 'both'. Each of them has the same meaning. For example, you can say:

Both 这个生词的运用方式很广，在句型里使用**both**的方式很多而且都可以表达同样的意思，举例来说，下面这三个句型都使用了**both**而且意思是一样的，您可以这样说：

Both guests are in the dining room. Or

两位客人都餐室。

您也可以这样说：

Both of the guests are in the dining room. Or

两位客人都餐室

您还可以这样说：

The guests are **both** in the dining room.

两位客人都餐室

'Just' has several meanings. Here are a few of them:

just 这个词汇在不同的语境里有不同的意义，下面列举几个例子：

1. simply or only

Examples:

We're **just** good friends. .

1. 仅仅，只是

例句

我们仅仅是好朋友。

Just one please

请给我一份。

2. exactly or nearly at this moment

Examples:

I have **just** spoken to him.

2. 正好，刚刚，方才

例句:

我刚刚和他交谈过。

I just had lunch.

我刚吃完午餐。

3. barely or no more than

Examples:

Just a minute please.

3. 且请，试请

例句:

请稍等一下。

Could you wait **just** a moment?

请您稍等一下好吗？

EXERCISES

练习

1. Key vocabulary

1. 重要词汇

Look up the meaning and pronunciation of these words in your dictionary.

请从字典里查找下列词汇的意思与发音。

anything else	I'll see to it right away
iron	tea-making facilities
alarm clock	kettle

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2. Writing sentences – There is or There are 2. 造句练习—使用 There is or There are

Below are some nouns and prepositions. Use them to write sentences using there is or there are. When you have checked your answers, say them out loud.

下面列出一些名词与介词，请使用there is 或者是there are将他们组成完整的句子，在核对答案之后，大声的朗读这些句子。

Example: swimming pool / on / level 7

例句:

There's a swimming pool on level 7

1. tea / coffee / in / cupboard

2. ten guests / in / lobby

3. car park / at / rear / hotel

3. Matching – Both and just 3. 组句练习—使用Both和just

Match the first part of the conversation with the correct response. Practise saying them with your friends.
请将对话的前半部分与混杂排列的后半部分配对，将其组成一个完整的对话，然后与朋友一起练习。

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Would you mind waiting just a minute?
1. 请您稍等一下好吗? | a. Yes. I've just spoken to him. |
| 2. Where are the two guests?
2. 两位客人在哪里? | b. Sure. |
| 3. Can I help you?
3. 有什么可以为您效劳的吗? | c. Just a minute please. |
| 4. Do you know when the buses will arrive?
4. 你知道巴士到站的时间吗? | d. They are both on level nine. |
| 5. Have you seen Mr Webber?
5. 你知道伟博先生在哪儿吗? | e. No thanks. We're just waiting for someone. |
| 6. Excuse me. I need to book a taxi.
6. 对不起，我要定一辆出租车。 | f. Both of the buses will be here in 10 minutes. |

3. The Chant 3. 短语练习

Practice saying this chant out loud.
请朗读下列的短语

Is there a kettle?
请问房间里有水壶吗?
And are there cups?
请问房间里有茶杯吗?

Answers: 2. 1) There's (some) tea and coffee in the cupboard
2) There are ten guests in the lobby. 3) There's a car park at the rear of the hotel. 3. 1) b 2) d 3) e 4) f 5) a 6) c

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Are there cups for tea?
请问房间里有喝茶的杯子吗?

Yes, there's a kettle
有的, 房间里有水壶
And there are cups
房间里有茶杯
Is that OK?
这样的安排可以吗?
OK!
没问题!

